

## Information to inmates regarding the processing of personal data

The Personal Data Act [Act no. 31 of 14 April 2000] directs the person who acquires information for registration/processing to state that this has been done.

In connection with penal implementation and remanding in custody, the Correctional Services will obtain personal data about the inmate.

The purpose of obtaining such information is to facilitate sound and proper penal implementation, which secures satisfactory conditions during serving of the sentence, confer Section 2 of the Penal Implementation Act. The information is used inter alia in individual risk assessments and evaluations of other security matters. The personal data will also be used in connection with facilitation of the penal implementation, for example in consideration of applications from inmates for leave, parole and so forth.

In addition to information that the inmate himself or herself provides, the Correctional Services generally requests such personal data from the police/ prosecution authority, the Population Registry, the Labour and Welfare Administration (*NAV*), health institutions and treatment and care institutions. Any information on previous penal sanctions may also be used. In certain cases, information will also be acquired from the Child Protection Services, immigration authorities, embassies and other similar bodies that possess personal data about the inmates that the Correctional Services needs to perform its work.

The information is registered in the Correctional Services' filing system.

If the purpose so dictates, personal data may be shared with other administrative bodies such as the police, NAV, the health services and so on, in conformity with Chapter 3 of the Public Administration Act. Personal data may also be shared with others, with the consent of the inmate.

The Personal Data Act directs the processing officer to delete registered personal data when the purpose has lapsed, including in conformity with the Archives Act.

The inmates are entitled to access the personal data obtained, with the restrictions consequent on Section 23 of the Personal Data Act. The inmates are entitled to demand the correction of information that is incorrect, incomplete or that there is no legal authority to process, confer Section 27 of the Personal Data Act. Any petition for access should be addressed to the prison governor.